PINNACLE SILVER AND GOLD CORP. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

October 31, 2025

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	October 31, 2025	April 30, 2025
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	\$ 367,177	\$ 149,570
Receivables	20,044	17,184
Prepaid expenses	119,192	48,499
Marketable securities (Note 6)	50,096	295,829
	556,509	511,082
Long-term receivables (Note 10)	166,243	32,055
Mineral properties (Note 3)	1,228,017	695,205
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,950,769	\$ 1,238,342
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 317,927	\$ 498,777
Related party payables (Note 9)	92,663	262,431
TOTAL LIABILITIES	410,590	761,208
EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 7)	37,407,215	35,271,266
Reserves (Note 7)	9,950,860	9,922,904
Deficit	(45,817,896)	(44,717,036)
TOTAL EQUITY	1,540,179	477,134
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 1,950,769	\$ 1,238,342

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1) Subsequent event (Note 13)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors on December 26, 2025:

Signed:	"Robert Archer"	Director	Signed:	"Ron Schmitz"	Director

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Three months ended October 31,		Six months er	ed October 31,		
		2025	2024	2025		2024
EXPENSES						
Administration and office costs (Notes 9 and 12)	\$	103,208	\$ 59,241	\$ 186,846	\$	107,429
Exploration expenditures, net (Note 4)		243,752	-	457,885		1,152
Foreign exchange loss		19,077	1,934	1,950		7,519
Marketing services and shareholder information		229,749	86,075	312,970		130,080
Professional and listing fees		120,686	15,897	140,818		27,857
Property investigation costs		_	1,686	-		9,579
Share-based compensation (Note 7)		4,101	80,200	11,985		80,200
Transfer agent and filing fees		14,003	11,095	42,170		19,595
		(5.42.55.6)	(0.5.6.100)	(1.154.604)		(202.411)
Operating expenses		(743,576)	(256,128)	(1,154,624)		(383,411)
Gain on recovery of exploration expenditures (Note 6)		-	202,582	-		202,582
Other income		89,542	-	89,542		-
Realized gain on marketable securities (Note 6)		- (5.202)	-	52,454		-
Unrealized loss on marketable securities (Note 6)		(5,393)	199,242	(88,232)		199,242
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)						
for the period	\$	(650,427)	\$ 145,696	\$ (1,100,860)	\$	18,413
Basic and diluted income (loss) per common share	\$	(0.01)	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.01)	\$	0.00
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding		` '		\\		
Basic	1	10,938,262	60,854,405	96,362,957		58,122,521
Diluted		10,938,262	60,854,405	96,362,957		58,122,521

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management) SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31,

	2	025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM (TO)			
OPERATIONS	¢ (1.100	0(0) 0	10 412
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (1,100,	860) \$	18,413
Adjustments for:	11	005	00.200
Share-based compensation	11,	985	80,200
Gain on recovery of exploration expenditure	(-	(202,582)
Realized gain on marketable securities		454)	-
Unrealized loss (gain) on marketable securities	88,	232	(199,242)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:			
Receivables	(137,		444
Prepaid expenses		693)	(66,195)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and related party	(208,		(83,231)
	(1,468,	856)	(452,193)
INVESTING			
Exploration expenditures	(432,	812)	_
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	209.		_
Trocceus from saic of marketable securities	(222,		
FINANCING			
Share issued for cash	1,686,	608	471,000
Share issuance costs		622)	(7,650)
Share issued for warrants exercise	243,		(7,050)
Share issued for warrants exercise	1,909.		463,350
Change in cash	217,		11,157
Cash at beginning of period	149,	570	67,837
Cash at end of period	\$ 367,	177 \$	78,994
Supplementary cash flow information			
Fair value of finders' warrants	\$ 17,	900	\$ 8,200
Fair value of finders' warrants exercised			\$ -
Subscription receivable	\$		\$ -
Subscription receivable	Ψ		Ψ

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Number of Shares	Share Capital	re	bscription eceived in advance	Reserves	Deficit	Total
Balance at April 30, 2024	43,521,072	\$ 33,944,853	\$	49,000	\$ 9,832,702	\$ (43,883,982)	\$ (57,427)
Shares issued for private placement	17,333,333	520,000		(49,000)	-	-	471,000
Share issuance cost – cash	-	(7,650)		-	-	=	(7,650)
Share issuance cost – finder's warrant	-	(8,200)		-	8,200	-	-
Share-based compensation					80,200		80,200
Loss for the period				-	-	18,413	18,413
Balance at October 31, 2024	60,854,405	34,449,003		-	9,921,102	(43,865,569)	504,536
Shares issued for private placement	20,000,000	800,000		-	-	-	800,000
Shares issued for mineral properties	571,580	22,863		-	-	-	22,863
Share issuance cost – finder's warrant	-	(600)		-	600	-	-
Share-based compensation					1,202		1,202
Loss for the period		-		-	-	(851,467)	(851,467)
Balance at April 30, 2025	81,425,985	35,271,266		-	9,922,904	(44,717,036)	477,134
Shares issued for private placement	28,110,133	1,686,608		-	-	-	1,686,608
Share issuance cost – cash	-	(20,622)		_	-	-	(20,622)
Share issuance cost – finder's warrant	-	(17,900)		-	17,900	-	-
Shares issued for mineral properties	1,000,000	100,000		-	-	-	100,000
Shares issued for warrant exercise	4,576,666	245,263		-	(1,929)	-	243,334
Shares for debt settlement	2,376,667	142,600		-	-	-	142,600
Share-based compensation	-	-		-	11,985	-	11,985
Loss for the period		-		-	-	(1,100,860)	(1,100,860)
Balance at October 31, 2025	117,489,451	\$ 37,407,215	\$	-	\$ 9,950,860	\$ (45,817,896)	\$ 1,540,179

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Pinnacle Silver and Gold Corp. ("the Company or Pinnacle") was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act (B.C.)* on May 16, 2006. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Pinnacle as at and for the six months ended October 31, 2025 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries. Pinnacle is the ultimate parent of the consolidated group. The Company's corporate and head office address is #250 - 750 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2T7. The Company's shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange under the Symbol "PINN".

The Company is an exploration and development-stage company focused on acquiring, exploring and developing mineral properties in the Americas. The business of exploring and developing mineral projects by its nature involves a high degree of risk. There can be no assurance that current programs will result in profitable mining operations. The recoverability of the carrying value of the mineral properties and the Company's continued existence is dependent upon the preservation of its interest in the underlying properties, the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the achievement of profitable operations, the ability of the Company to obtain financing or, alternatively, upon the Company's ability to dispose of its interest on an advantageous basis. Additionally, the Company estimates that it will need additional capital to operate for the upcoming year. Although the Company has been successful in the past in raising funds to continue operations, there is no assurance it will be able to do so in the future.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with IFRS Accounting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of condensed interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" ("IAS 34") and have been prepared following the same accounting policies and method of computation as the annual financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2025.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared with the assumption that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business rather than through a process of forced liquidation for the foreseeable future. The operations of the Company were primarily funded by the issue of share capital and loans. The continued operations of the Company are dependent on its ability to develop a sufficient financing plan, receive continued financial support from related parties and lenders, complete sufficient public equity financing, or generate profitable operations in the future. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue in business. These material uncertainties may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

During the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company incurred net loss of \$1,100,860 (2024 – net income of \$18,413), and as at October 31, 2025, had working capital of \$145,919 (April 30, 2025 – working capital deficiency of \$250,126).

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Basis of Presentation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars which is the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

In addition, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

The policies applied in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented below and are based on IFRS issued and effective as of December 29, 2025.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Basis of Consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and the following subsidiaries:

Name	Dlage of Incorporation	Dringing LAgtivity	Ownership October 31, 2025	Ownership April 30, 2025
- 100	Place of Incorporation	Principal Activity		
NR Gold LLC	United States	Exploration company	100%	100%
Cangold Limited	British Columbia, Canada	Exploration company	100%	100%
Cangold Peru S.A.C.	Peru	Exploration company	100%	100%
Minera el Pico S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Exploration company	100%	100%

Inter-company balances and transactions, including any unrealized income and expenses arising from inter-company transactions, are eliminated in preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended April 30, 2025, Pamlico Mines Ltd. was dissolved.

Foreign Currencies

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian dollar. The individual financial statements of each group entity are measured in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency).

In preparing the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than an entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss, unless the difference relates to an item that is recognized in other comprehensive income or loss, whereby the exchange difference would be recognized in other comprehensive income or loss and reclassified from equity to the statements of loss and comprehensive loss on disposal or partial disposal of the net investment. For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the Company has determined that the functional currency of its subsidiaries is the Canadian dollar.

Financial Instruments

The Company is required to classify its financial instruments measured at fair value at one of three levels according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate fair values:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Financial assets

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") or at amortized cost. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recorded at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss. Realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial asset held at FVTPL are included in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss in the period in which they arise.

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income. There is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment.

Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortized cost less any impairment. They are classified as current assets or non-current assets based on their maturity date.

Financial assets are derecognized when they mature or are sold, and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred. Gains and losses on derecognition of financial assets classified as FVTPL or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss. Gains or losses on financial assets classified as FVTOCI remain within accumulated other comprehensive income.

Impairment of financial assets

An 'expected credit loss' impairment model applies which requires a loss allowance to be recognized based on expected credit losses. The estimated present value of future cash flows associated with the asset is determined and an impairment loss is recognized for the difference between this amount and the carrying amount as follows: the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to the present value of estimated future cash flows associated with the asset, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, either directly or through the use of an allowance account and the resulting loss is recognized in profit or loss for the period.

Financial liabilities

The Company classifies its financial liabilities into one of two categories as follows:

Fair value through profit or loss

This category comprises derivatives and financial liabilities incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

This category consists of liabilities carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table summarizes the clarification for each class of the Company's financial assets and financial liabilities:

	IFRS 9
	Classification
Cash	Amortized cost
Receivables	Amortized cost
Marketable securities	FVTPL
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Related party payables	Amortized cost

Cash

Cash in the statement of financial position consists of cash at banks and on hand.

Mineral Properties and Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

Acquisition costs for mineral properties, net of recoveries, are capitalized on a property-by-property basis. Acquisition costs include cash consideration and the value of common shares, based on recent issue prices, issued for mineral properties pursuant to the terms of the agreement. Exploration and evaluation expenditures, net of recoveries, are charged to operations as incurred. After a property is determined by management to be commercially viable, exploration and evaluation expenditures on the property are capitalized.

A mineral property acquired under an option agreement, where payments are made at the sole discretion of the Company, is capitalized at the time of payment. Option payments received are treated as a reduction of the carrying value of the related acquisition cost for the mineral property until the payments are in excess of acquisition costs, at which time they are then credited to operations. Option payments are at the discretion of the optionee and, accordingly, are accounted for when receipt is reasonably assured. Capitalized acquisition costs are assessed for impairment if facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. When there is little prospect of further work on a property being carried out by the Company or its partners, when a property is abandoned, or when the capitalized costs are no longer considered recoverable, the related property costs are written down to management's estimate of their net recoverable amount.

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

At each statement of financial position reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is an indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belong.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Impairment of Non-Financial Assets (continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years.

Restoration, Rehabilitation and Environmental Obligations

An obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs arises when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Discount rates using a pre-tax rate that reflect the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either the unit-of-production or the straight-line method. The related liability is adjusted for each period for the unwinding of the discount rate and for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage which is created on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses. The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation, and environmental costs as the disturbance to date is minimal.

Provisions

Provisions are recorded when a present legal or constructive obligation exists as a result of past events where it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the statement of financial position date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognized as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received, and the amount receivable can be measured reliably.

Leases

At inception, the Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease or an embedded lease. A contract contains a lease when the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company, as lessee, is required to recognize a right-of-use asset ("ROU asset"), representing its right to use the underlying asset, and a lease liability, representing its obligation to make lease payments.

The Company may elect to not apply IFRS 16 to leases with a term of less than 12 months or to low value assets, which is made on an asset by asset basis.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Company recognizes a ROU asset and a lease liability at the commencement of the lease. The ROU asset is initially measured based on the present value of lease payments, plus initial direct cost, less any incentives received. It is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization, impairment losses and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. The ROU asset is amortized from the commencement date over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying as set. The ROU asset is subject to testing for impairment if there is an indicator of impairment.

The lease liability Is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the incremental borrowing rate. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate which the operation would have to pay to borrow over a similar term and with similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the ROU asset in a similar economic environment.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are comprised of:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise;
- lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option;
 and
- penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payments made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or a rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate not included in the initial measurement of the ROU asset and lease liability are recognized as an expense in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are recognized when there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all conditions associated with the grant are met. Effective May 1, 2020, the Company adopted IAS 20 in connection with the government loan received in connection with the COVID19 pandemic.

Share Capital

Common shares are classified as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of common shares and share options are recognized as a deduction from equity.

The Company has adopted a residual value method with respect to the measurement of shares and warrants issued as private placement units. The residual value method first allocates value to the more easily measurable component based on fair value and then the residual value, if any, to the less easily measurable component. The Company considers the fair value of common shares issued in a private placement to be the more easily measurable component and the common shares are valued at their fair value, as determined by the closing quoted bid price on the announcement date. The balance, if any, is allocated to the attached warrants. Any fair value attributed to the warrants is recorded to reserves.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Flow-through shares

The issuance of flow-through shares is accounted for similarly to the issuance of a compound financial instrument. The liability component represents the premium paid for the tax benefit to the investors. Proceeds from the issuance of shares by flow-through private placements are allocated between shares issued and a liability account using the residual method. Proceeds are first allocated to shares according to the quoted price of existing shares at the time of issuance and any residual in the proceeds is allocated to the liability. Upon renunciation of the flow through expenditures, the liability component is derecognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss as recovery of flow-through premium.

Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company may grant stock options to acquire common shares of the Company to directors, officers, employees and consultants. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes, or provides services similar to those performed by an employee.

Share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the instruments issued and are amortized over the vesting periods. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued, if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the number of awards expected to vest. The offset to the recorded cost is to reserves. When options are exercised the consideration received is recorded as share capital. In addition, the related share-based payments originally recorded in reserves are transferred to share capital.

The fair value is measured at grant date and each tranche is recognized over the period the options vest. The fair value of the options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. At each financial position reporting date, the amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of stock options that are expected to vest.

Income Taxes

Income tax on profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity. Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the asset and liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting or taxable profit; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to the offset of current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian Dollars) (Unaudited – Prepared by Management) FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

Earnings (Loss) per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The dilutive effect on earnings per share is calculated presuming the exercise of outstanding options, warrants and similar instruments. It assumes that the proceeds of such exercise would be used to repurchase common shares at the average market price during the year. However, the calculation of diluted loss per share excludes the effects of various conversions and exercise of options and warrants that would be anti-dilutive.

Segment Reporting

The Company's head office is in Canada and it has operations in Canada and Mexico. The Company operates in a single reportable operating segment – the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties.

Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period.

The Company has to make judgments which include but are not limited to the following:

a) Whether facts or circumstances suggest that the carrying value of assets such as its receivables or mineral properties exceed the recoverable amount and, if so, the asset is tested for impairment.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the statement of financial position date, that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- a) the carrying value of the investment in mineral properties and the recoverability of the carrying value;
- b) the inputs used in accounting for share-based payments expense.

Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which will replace IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements aims to improve how companies communicate in their financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance in the statement of profit or loss, in particular additional defined subtotals, disclosures about management-defined performance measures and new principles for aggregation and disaggregation of information. IFRS 18 is accompanied by limited amendments to the requirements in IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows. IFRS 18 is effective from January 1, 2027. Companies are permitted to apply IFRS 18 before that date. The Company is evaluating the impact of IFRS 18 on its condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

3. MINERAL PROPERTIES

Acquisition costs incurred during the period ended October 31, 2025 and year ended April 30, 2025 as follows:

	April 30, 2025	I	Additions	October 31, 2025
Western Fold, Canada	\$ 305,750	\$	-	\$ 305,750
H Lake, Canada	95,000		-	95,000
Argosy, Canada	200,571		-	200,571
El Potrero, Mexico	93,884		532,812	626,696
	\$ 695,205	\$	532,812	\$ 1,228,017
	Anril 30			April 30

	April 30, 2024	A	dditions	April 30, 2025
Western Fold, Canada	\$ 305,750	\$	-	\$ 305,750
H Lake, Canada	95,000		-	95,000
Argosy, Canada	200,571		-	200,571
El Potrero, Mexico	-		93,884	93,884
	\$ 601,321	\$	93,884	\$ 695,205

North Birch, Canada

Western Fold, Canada

During the year ended April 30, 2022, the Company earned a 100% interest in the Western Fold Property in the Red Lake Mining Division of Northwestern Ontario by making the total cash payments of \$200,000 and issuing 166,666 common shares (issued at a value of \$105,750).

The option agreement is subject to a 2% NSR royalty. The Company may reduce the NSR royalty to 1% by paying the optionor \$1,000,000 at any time.

H Lake, Canada

During the year ended April 30, 2021, the Company earned a 100% interest in the H Lake property in the Red Lake Mining Division in Ontario by paying total cash payments of \$50,000 and issuing 66,667 common shares (issued at a value of \$45,000).

The option agreement is subject to a 2% NSR royalty. The Company may reduce the NSR royalty to 1% by paying the optionor \$1,000,000 at any time.

Argosy, Canada

During the year ended April 30, 2022, the Company acquired a 100% interest in the Argosy mineral properties in the Red Lake Mining Division of northwestern Ontario.

The mineral properties are subject to a 2.5% NSR royalty.

El Potrero, Mexico

During the year ended April 30, 2025, the Company signed an option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the El Potrero project in Durango, Mexico. The 100% interest will be earned in stages.

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3. MINERAL PROPERTIES (continued)

El Potrero, Mexico (continued)

To earn the first 50% interest, the Company must

- a) pay US\$50,000 (paid) and issue 500,000 shares (issued and valued at \$20,000).
- b) pay back taxes for the property (total estimated at US\$183,000; paid) by entering into a payment plan with the Mexican fiscal authorities whereby 20% will be paid up-front followed by 36 monthly instalments (paid to date).
- c) pay US\$200,000 (paid) and issue 1,000,000 shares (issued and valued at \$100,000) within eight months of signing the agreement (October 21, 2025).
- d) pay US\$750,000 and issue 1,000,000 shares within one year from signing the agreement (February 21, 2026).
- e) pay US\$1,000,000 when the plant is sufficiently upgraded and all permits have been received in order to commence production, or four years from signing the agreement (February 21, 2029), whichever happens first.

In connection with the option agreement, the Company issued 71,580 common shares with a value of \$2,863 as a finder's fee.

The 50% interest will include a 50% interest in the property (including the mining concessions, machinery, equipment and land) and, going forward, all proceeds of production will be split according to the respective interest levels.

To earn an additional 20% (for a total interest of 70%), the Company must pay US\$1,500,000 one year after commencing production or five years from signing the agreement, whichever happens first.

To earn an additional 20% (for a total interest of 90%), the Company must pay US\$3,000,000 two years after commencing production or seven years from signing the agreement, whatever happens first

At this point, both parties will decide whether to continue with a participating interest or the vendor will have the option to convert the remaining 10% interest to a 2% Net Smelter Royalty.

If the Company establishes a Mineral Resource Estimate, as defined by NI 43-101, of at least 350,000 gold equivalent ounces in the Inferred category the Company must pay a bonus of US\$1,000,000 and issue 1,000,000 shares.

4. EXPLORATION EXPENSE

Exploration expenditures incurred during the six months ended October 31, 2025 were as follows:

Six months ended October 31, 2025	El Potrero
Consultants	\$ 150,958
Assaying, mapping and geophysics	56,581
Field costs	111,504
Taxes	105,266
Travel	33,576
	\$ 457,885

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FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

4. EXPLORATION EXPENSE (continued)

Exploration expenditures incurred during the year ended April 30, 2025 were as follows:

Year ended April 30, 2025	Argosy El Potrero		Total		
Assaying, mapping and geophysics	\$ -	\$	953	\$	953
Drilling	-		10,918		10,918
Field costs	-		68,782		68,782
Travel	1,152		50,886		52,038
	\$ 1,152	\$	131,539	\$	132,691

5. LOAN PAYABLE

During the year ended April 30, 2021, the Company received a loan of \$40,000 for the Canada Emergency Business Account to provide emergency support to business due to the impact of COVID-19. The loan is non-interest bearing until January 18, 2024, after which it will incur interest at 5% per annum.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the loan started accruing interest from January 19, 2024 and was reclassified as long-term with a repayment date of December 31, 2026.

During the year ended April 30, 2025, the Company accrued interest of \$1,488 and paid \$41,597 in full.

6. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Aguia Resources Limited

The Company's investment in Aguia Resources Limited was acquired as part of the sale of a Colombian subsidiary that the Company previously held. Prior to fiscal 2025, the fair value of the Company's investment in the private company that acquired the Company's Colombian subsidiary was undeterminable. Additionally, the Company did not have access to the investment until the private company completed an acquisition or going public transaction. During the year ended April 30, 2025, this private company was acquired by Aguia Resources Limited ("Aguia") which is a public company traded on the Australian Stock Exchange. As a result of this acquisition, the Company received 8,783,667 shares (valued at \$198,293) of Aguia. At April 30, 2025, the Company valued the Aguia shares at \$295,829 and recorded an unrealized gain of \$97,536 from changes in the fair value.

During the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company sold 6,300,000 shares for proceed of \$209,955 and recorded a realized gain of \$52,454. As at October 31, 2025, the Company valued the remaining Aguia shares at \$50,096 and recorded an unrealized loss of \$88,232 from changes in the fair value.

	Aguia Common Shares	Total
April 30, 2024	-	\$ -
Addition	8,783,667	198,293
Change in fair value	-	97,536
April 30, 2025	8,783,667	295,829
Sale of shares	(6,300,000)	(157,501)
Change in fair value	-	(88,232)
October 31, 2025	2,483,667	\$ 50,096

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

7. EQUITY

(a) Share capital

Authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

(b) Share Issuances

During the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company:

- i) issued 2,376,667 common shares at \$0.06 per share at a value of \$142,600 to settle accounts payable of \$142,600 to related parties.
- ii) closed a non-brokered private placement of 28,110,133 units at \$0.06 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,686,608. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share for a period of two years at a price of \$0.10. The Company paid \$20,622 in finders' fees and issued 343,700 share purchase finders warrants valued at \$17,900. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.10 for a two-year period.
- iii) issued 1,000,000 shares valued at \$100,000 pursuant to the option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the El Potrero property in Durango, Mexico (Note 3).
- iv) issued 4,576,666 shares pursuant to warrant exercises for gross proceed of \$243,333 and allocated \$1,929 to share capital from warrant reserve.

During the year ended April 30, 2025, the Company:

- i) issued 500,000 shares valued at \$20,000 pursuant to the option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the El Potrero property in Durango, Mexico (Note 3).
- ii) issued 71,580 shares valued at \$2,863 as finder's fee in connection with the option agreement to acquire up to a 100% interest in the El Potrero property in Durango, Mexico (Note 3).
- iii) closed a non-brokered private placement of 20,000,000 units at \$0.04 per unit for gross proceeds of \$800,000. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share for a period of two years at a price of \$0.06. No finder's fees were paid.
- iv) closed a non-brokered private placement of 17,333,333 units at \$0.03 per unit for gross proceeds of \$520,000, of which \$49,000 was received during the year ended April 30, 2024. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share for a period of two years at a price of \$0.05. The Company paid \$7,650 in finders' fees and issued 255,000 share purchase finders warrants valued at \$8,800. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.05 for a two-year period.

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7. **EQUITY** (continued)

(c) Stock options

The Company adopted a stock option plan (the "Plan") pursuant to the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange. The maximum number of shares that may be reserved for issuance under the Plan is limited to 10% of the issued common shares of the Company at any time. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to ten years from the date of grant. The vesting terms are determined at the time of grant. The continuity of stock options for the period ended October 31, 2025 and year ended April 30, 2025 is as follows:

	Period Ended October 31, 2025			Year Ended April 30, 2025		
	Number of stock options	2	eighted average se price	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price	
Outstanding, beginning of period	4,000,000	\$	0.05	16,667	\$ 0.48	
Granted	=		-	4,000,000	0.05	
Expired/cancelled	-		-	(16,667)	0.48	
Outstanding, end of period	4,000,000	\$	0.05	4,000,000	\$ 0.05	

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at October 31, 2025:

Exercise price	Outstanding	Expiry date	Exercisable
\$0.05	3,500,000	September 23, 2029	3,500,000
\$0.05	500,000	April 17, 2030	125,000
	4,000,000		3,625,000

(d) Share-Based Compensation

During the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company did not grant any stock options.

On September 23, 2024, the Company granted 3,500,000 stock options to employees and consultants of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.05 per option for 60 months. The options were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model resulting in share-based compensation of \$80,200. The options were fully vested on the grant date.

On April 17, 2025, the Company granted 500,000 stock options to employees and consultants of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.05 per option for 60 months. The options were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model at \$16,200. \$1,202 of share-based compensation was recorded during the year ended April 30, 2025 as the options vest on a quarterly basis following the date of issuance. During the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company recorded \$11,985 of share-based compensation on vested portion of the options. At October 31, 2025, 250,000 options remained unvested.

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FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

7. **EQUITY** (continued)

(d) Share-Based Compensation (continued)

The options issued during the period ended October 31, 2025 and year ended April 30, 2025 were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	Period Ended October 31, 2025	Year Ended April 30, 2025
Weighted average grant date fair value	-	\$0.03
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	-	2.74%
Expected dividend yield	-	0.0
Weighted average stock price volatility	-	165.36%
Weighted average expected life of options in years	-	5 years

(e) Warrants

The continuity of share purchase warrants for the period ended October 31, 2025 is as follows:

	Ex	ercise	Balance, April 30,				Balance, October 31,
Expiry Date	P	rice	2025	Issued	Exercised	Expired	2025
April 27, 2026	\$	0.12	4,905,112	-	-	-	4,905,112
April 27, 2026	\$	0.12	137,589	-	-	-	137,589
May 29, 2026*	\$	0.05	8,666,665	-	(3,266,666)	-	5,399,999
May 29, 2026**	\$	0.05	255,000	-	(60,000)	-	195,000
February 25, 2027***	\$	0.06	10,000,000	-	(1,200,000)	-	8,800,000
August 7, 2027****	\$	0.10	-	14,055,067	(50,000)	-	14,005,067
August 7, 2027	\$	0.10	-	343,700	-	-	343,700
			23,964,366	14,398,767	(4,576,666)	-	33,786,467
Weighted average exercise price			\$ 0.07	0.10	0.05	-	\$ 0.08

^{*350,000} warrants exercised subsequently

^{**8,400} warrants exercised subsequently

^{***687,500} warrants exercised subsequently

^{****132,000} warrants exercised subsequently

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7. **EQUITY** (continued)

(e) Warrants (continued)

The continuity of share purchase warrants for the year ended April 30, 2025 is as follows:

		ercise	Balance, April 30,				Balance, April 30,
Expiry Date	P	rice	2024	Issued	Exercised	Expired	2025
August 22, 2024	\$	0.30	1,666,667	-	-	(1,666,667)	-
August 22, 2024	\$	0.30	14,992	-	-	(14,992)	-
April 27, 2026	\$	0.12	4,905,112	-	-	-	4,905,112
April 27, 2026	\$	0.12	137,589	-	-	-	137,589
May 29, 2026	\$	0.05	-	8,666,665	-	-	8,666,665
May 29, 2026	\$	0.05	-	255,000	-	-	255,000
February 25, 2027	\$	0.06	-	10,000,000	-	-	10,000,000
			6,724,360	18,921,665	-	(1,681,659)	23,964,366
Weighted average exercise price			\$ 0.17	\$ 0.06	-	\$ 0.30	\$ 0.07

The compensatory warrants issued during the period ended October 31, 2025 and year ended April 30, 2025 were valued using the Black Scholes option pricing model with the following assumptions:

	Period Ended October 31, 2025	Year Ended April 30, 2025
Weighted average grant date fair value	\$0.05	\$0.04
Weighted average risk-free interest rate	2.69%	4.39%
Expected dividend yield	0.00	0.00
Weighted average stock price volatility	154.88%	214.36%
Weighted average expected life of warrants in years	2 years	2 years

8. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in a single reportable operating segment, being the exploration and development of mineral properties. Summarized financial information for the geographic segments the Company operates in are as follows:

	Canada	Mexico	Total	
October 31, 2025 Mineral properties	\$ 601,321	\$ 626,696	\$ 1,228,017	
April 30, 2025 Mineral properties	\$ 601,321	\$ 93,884	\$ 695,205	

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

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FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2025

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel, being officers and directors, were as follows:

	Share-Based							
For the period ended October 31, 2025	Sala	ry or Fees		Payment		Total		
Management and Director Compensation***	\$	61,000	\$	-	\$	61,000		
Cross Davis & Company LLP **		31,500		-		31,500		
•	\$	92,500		-	\$	92,500		

For the period ended October 31, 2024	Sala	ry or Fees	 are-Based Payment	Total
Management and Director Compensation***	\$	26,000	\$ 52,549	\$ 78,549
Cross Davis & Company LLP **		31,500	9,554	41,054
	\$	57,500	\$ 62,103	\$ 119,603

Related party liabilities	October 31, 2025			April 30, 2025	
Due to Management*	\$	92,663	\$	262,431	

^{*} Due to management consists of fees owing to two key management personnel for consulting fees.

During the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company issued 2,376,667 common shares at \$0.06 per share at a value of \$142,600 to settle accounts payable of \$142,600 to related parties.

10. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, which include currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to the financial risk related to the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates. The Company operates in Canada and the United States. The Company funds cash calls to its subsidiary companies outside of Canada in US dollars ("USD") and Mexican pesos ("MXN"). The greatest risk is the exchange rate of the Canadian dollar relative to the US dollar, as a significant change in this rate could have an effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows. The Company has not hedged its exposure to currency fluctuations.

^{**} Cross Davis & Company LLP provides management services including a Chief Financial Officer, accounting staff, and administrative staff.

^{***} Included in administration and office costs and exploration expenditures.

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10. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

	O	ctober 31, 2025 ("USD")	April 30, 2025 ("USD")	October 31, 2025 ("MXN")	April 30, 2025 ("MXN")
Cash	\$	6,505 \$	8,254 \$	377,897 \$	918,057
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(171,533)	(220,733)	(136,532)	(242,326)
Net exposure		(165,028)	(212,479)	241,365	675,731
Canadian dollar equivalent	\$	(230,440) \$	(294,101) \$	18,206 \$	47,727

Based on the above net exposures as at October 31, 2025, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 10% change in the value of the Canadian dollar against the above foreign currencies would result in an increase / decrease of approximately \$21,223 (April 30, 2025 - \$24,637) to net loss for the period.

Credit Risk

The Company's cash is mainly held through large insured Canadian and United States financial institutions and receivable are mainly comprised of goods and services tax refund from the Canadian and Mexican governments. Accordingly, credit risk is minimized. The long term receivables consist of value added taxes incurred in Mexico.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk through the management of its capital resources.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. There is currently minimal interest rate risk as the Company does not have debt that bears variable interest rate.

As at October 31, 2025, the Company had cash of \$367,177 and current liabilities of \$410,590 are subject to normal trade terms. The Company has historically relied upon equity and debt financings to satisfy its capital requirements and will continue to depend heavily upon equity capital to finance its activities.

Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices of gold to determine the appropriate course of action to manage this risk.

Equity price risk

Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market.

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10. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Management of Capital

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the exploration and evaluation of its mineral properties. The Company relies mainly on equity issuances to raise new capital and on entering into joint venture agreements on certain properties which enables it to conserve capital and to reduce risk. In the management of capital, the Company includes the components of equity (deficiency). The Company prepares annual estimates of exploration and administrative expenditures and monitors actual expenditures compared to the estimates to ensure that there is sufficient capital on hand to meet ongoing obligations. The Company's investment policy is to invest its cash in savings accounts or highly liquid short-term deposits with terms of one year or less and which can be liquidated after thirty days without interest or penalty. The Company will have to raise additional financing to cover its exploration and administrative costs for the next twelve months. The Company's approach to the management of capital did not change during the period ended October 31, 2025.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying value of its financial assets and liabilities approximates their fair value as at October 31, 2025 due to their short term maturity except for investments in marketable securities which are carried at fair value and measured at Level 1 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. The Company classifies its financial liabilities, comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities, related party payables, and loan payable as financial liabilities at amortized cost.

12. ADMINISTRATION AND OFFICE COSTS

	eriod ended ober 31, 2025	Period ended October 31, 202	
Consulting	\$ 92,500	\$	57,637
Financial expense	2,994		1,519
Office	20,742		34,626
Travel	70,610		13,647
	\$ 186,846	\$	107,429

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to the period ended October 31, 2025, the Company:

- i) closed a non-brokered private placement of 7,625,171 units at \$0.14 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,067,524. Each unit consists of one common share of the Company and one-half share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share for a period of two years at a price of \$0.20. The Company paid \$2,940 in finders' fees and issued 21,000 share purchase finders warrants. Each finder's warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.20 for a two-year period.
- ii) issued 1,177,900 common shares pursuant to warrants exercised for total proceeds of \$72,370.
- iii) issued 40,000 common shares valued at \$4,800 for final finder's fees related to acquisition of the El Potrero property in Durango, Mexico.